# Honors Algebra 2 Prep Packet

Welcome to Honors Algebra 2! This packet is for all students entering Honors Algebra 2.

Attached, you will find the basic learning targets from Algebra 1 that you are expected to remember **BEFORE** you come to class. For each Algebra topic addressed, this packet contains review examples, properties, definitions, and online video tutorial links followed by practice problems. This material must be mastered in order for you to be successful in Algebra 2. You will be assessed at the beginning of the course. Since this material is designed as a review, you are responsible for completing this packet on your own. The packet will be graded to assess the student's EFFORTs to recall this information. Be sure to **SHOW ALL WORK!** 

Name:

# **Target Checklist**

| Target 1: Evaluate and Rewrite Expressions  ☐ A. Evaluate numerical/algebraic using order of operations ☐ B. Rewrite by distributing |
|--|
| Target 2: Solve Equations and Inequalities   |
| <ul> <li>A. Solve One Variable Equations</li> </ul>  |
| □ B. Solve One Variable Inequalities   |
| □ C. Solve Literal Equations   |
| Target 3: Write Equations  |
| □ A. Find Slope  |
| □ B. Write Equations of Lines  |
| Target 4: Graph Equations and Inequalities   |
| <ul> <li>A. Graph Linear Equations</li> </ul>  |
| □ B. Graph Linear Inequalities   |
| Target 5: Solve Systems of Equations   |
| <ul> <li>A. Solve Systems of Linear Equations</li> </ul>   |
| Target 6: Exponential Expressions  |
| <ul> <li>A. Simplify Exponential Expressions</li> </ul>  |
| Target 7: Factor Quadratics  |
| <ul><li>A. Factor Specials (GCF, Difference of Squares)</li></ul>  |
| □ B. Factor Trinomials   |
| Target 8: Radical expressions  |
| □ A. Simplify Radical Expressions  |
| Target 9: Scientific Notation  |

# Target 1:

A. Order of Operations (PEMDAS)

- Parentheses or other grouping symbols
- Exponential expressions
- Multiplication AND Division (whichever one comes first)
- Addition AND Subtraction



Simplify each numerical expression.

1. 
$$7 \cdot (3 + 4)$$

2. 
$$(4+8) \div (3-1)$$

2. 
$$(4+8) \div (3-1)$$
 3.  $6 + 2.8 - 12 + 9.3$ 

4. 
$$10x + 2 - 8x - 10$$
 5.  $\frac{15 - [8 - (2 + 5)]}{18 - 5^2}$ 

$$5. \ \frac{15 - [8 - (2 + 5)]}{18 - 5^2}$$

$$6.100 - [20(3) \div 6 + 15 \div 5]$$

# B. Simplify.

$$7. - 2(x - 4)$$

$$8.5 + 2(x + 6)$$

$$7. - 2(x - 4)$$
  $8.5 + 2(x + 6)$   $9.2(3x + 4) - 5(x - 7)$ 



$$10.(x + 3)(x - 2)$$

11. 
$$(2x + 3)^2$$



### Evaluate.

12. 
$$2(3)^x$$
 if  $x = 3$ 

13. 
$$12a - 4a^2 + 7a^3$$
 if  $a = -3$ 



14. 
$$\frac{3(x+y)-2(x-y)}{5x+y}$$
 if  $x = 3$ ,  $y = 4$ 

# **TARGET 2:**



# A. Solve each equation and check your solutions. SHOW ALL WORK!

15. 
$$8y - 2y + 4 = 22$$

16. 
$$3(x-4) = 15$$



17. 
$$2y + 4(y + 5) = -16$$

18. 
$$4n + 3 = 2n - 5$$

19. 
$$-3(2x-3) = 20 - 4x$$

# B. Solve the one variable inequality.

20. 
$$-2x + 1 \ge -7$$

21. 
$$3(5x + 4) \le 12x - 11$$

22. 
$$5x - 12 \ge 7x + 4$$

23. 
$$2x + 4 \le 3(x - 2)$$

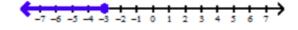
# Write the inequality or compound inequality for each graph.

24.

25.

\_\_\_\_





# C. Use inverse operations to solve for the specified variable

26. Solve for x: 
$$x - b = a$$

27. Solve for k: 
$$-3k = m$$



28. Solve for g: 
$$aeg = 10$$

29. Solve for y: 
$$\frac{y}{3} = h$$



30. Solve for y: 
$$3x + y = 4$$

31. Solve for x: 
$$3y + 2x = -1$$

# Target 3:

**Slope:** 
$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Slope-intercept form: y = mx + b [given m and b(y-intercept)]

Point-slope form:  $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$  [given point  $(x_1, y_1)$  and m]



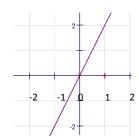
### A. Find the slope of the line passing through each pair of points.

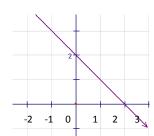
$$32.(-3, -4)$$
 and  $(-4, 6)$ 

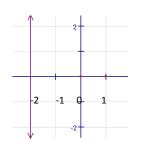
$$32.(-3, -4)$$
 and  $(-4, 6)$   $33.(-4, -6)$  and  $(-4, -8)$   $34.(-5, 3)$  and  $(-11, 3)$ 

$$34. (-5, 3)$$
 and  $(-11, 3)$ 

#### Find the slope of each line from its graph.









## Find the slope of the line from the following equations.

38. 
$$y = 3x - 4$$

38. 
$$y = 3x - 4$$
 39.  $2x + y = -4$ 

$$40. y - 3 = -4(x + 1)$$

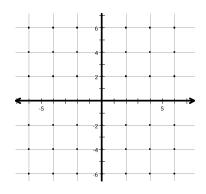


# Target 4:

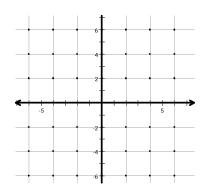
A. Graph each linear equation.



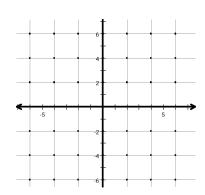
41. y = -3x + 4



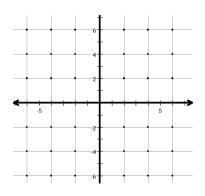
42. y = 4 + x



43. x = -4

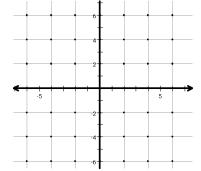


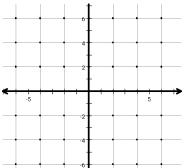
44. y = 3



45.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 2$ 



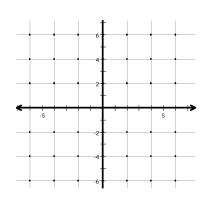




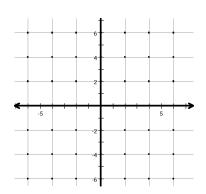
# B. Graph each linear *inequality*.

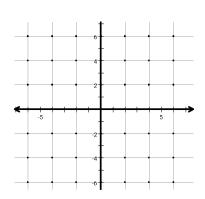


47. 
$$x \ge -2$$

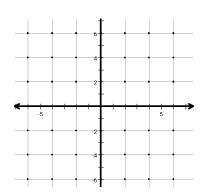


48. 
$$y > 2x - 3$$





50. 
$$3x - y \le -3$$



# Target 5:

- A) Solve by graphing graph the equations on the same graph. The solution will be the intersection of the 2 lines.



B) Solve by <u>substitution</u> – set one equation equal to a variable, then plug into the other equation for that variable.

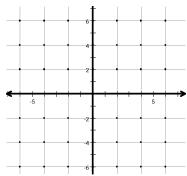


C) Solve by <u>elimination</u> – Multiply through the equations to get opposite coefficients on one variable, then add equations.

#### A. Solve the system of linear equations.

51. 
$$x + y = 6$$
 (use elimination)  $x - y = 4$ 

52. 
$$y = -3x - 1$$
 (use graphing)  $y = 3x + 5$ 



53. 
$$y = 2x + 4$$
 (use substitution)

# **Target 6:** Properties of Exponents:





| PROPERTY            |  | EXAMPLE                        |
|---------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Product of Powers   | $a^m \bullet a^n = a^{m+n}$                                | $x^4 \cdot x^2 =$              |
| Power of a Power    | $\left(a^{m}\right)^{n}=a^{m\cdot n}$                      | $\left(x^4\right)^2 =$         |
| Power of a Product  | $(ab)^m = a^m \bullet b^m$                                 | $\left(2x\right)^{3} =$        |
| Negative Power      | $a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}  (a \neq 0)$                       | $x^{-3} =$                     |
| Zero Power          | $a^0 = 1  (a \neq 0)$                                      | $4^{0} =$                      |
| Quotient of Powers  | $\frac{a^m}{a^n} = a^{m-n}  (a \neq 0)$                    | $\frac{x^3}{x^2}$ =            |
| Power of a Quotient | $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^m = \frac{a^m}{b^m}  (a \neq 0)$ | $\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^3 =$ |

A. Simplify.

54. 
$$g^5 \bullet g^{11}$$

55. 
$$(b^6)^3$$

56. 
$$w^{-7}$$

57. 
$$\frac{y^{12}}{y^8}$$

58. 
$$(3x^7)(-5x^3)$$

59. 
$$(-4a^5b^0c)^2$$

60. 
$$\frac{x^2y^5}{xy^2}$$

# Target 7:

# A. Factor completely.

61. 
$$16y^2 + 8y$$







62. 
$$18x^2 - 12x$$

63. 
$$x^2 - 25$$

64. 
$$2x^2 - 18$$

65. 
$$m^2 + 12m + 32$$



66. 
$$x^2 - 12x + 36$$

66. 
$$x^2 - 12x + 36$$
 67.  $2y^2 + 8y - 42$ 

# Target 8:

# A. Simplify the Radicals.



68. 
$$\sqrt{50}$$

69. 
$$\sqrt{24x^2}$$

70. 
$$\sqrt{192x^3}$$

71. 
$$\sqrt{289x^6y^5}$$

72. 
$$\sqrt{\frac{13}{49}}$$

# Target 9:



#### Convert from Standard form to Scientific Notation.

### Convert from Scientific Notation to Standard Form.

77. 3. 
$$75 \times 10^{0}$$

78. 
$$21 \times 10^{-3}$$